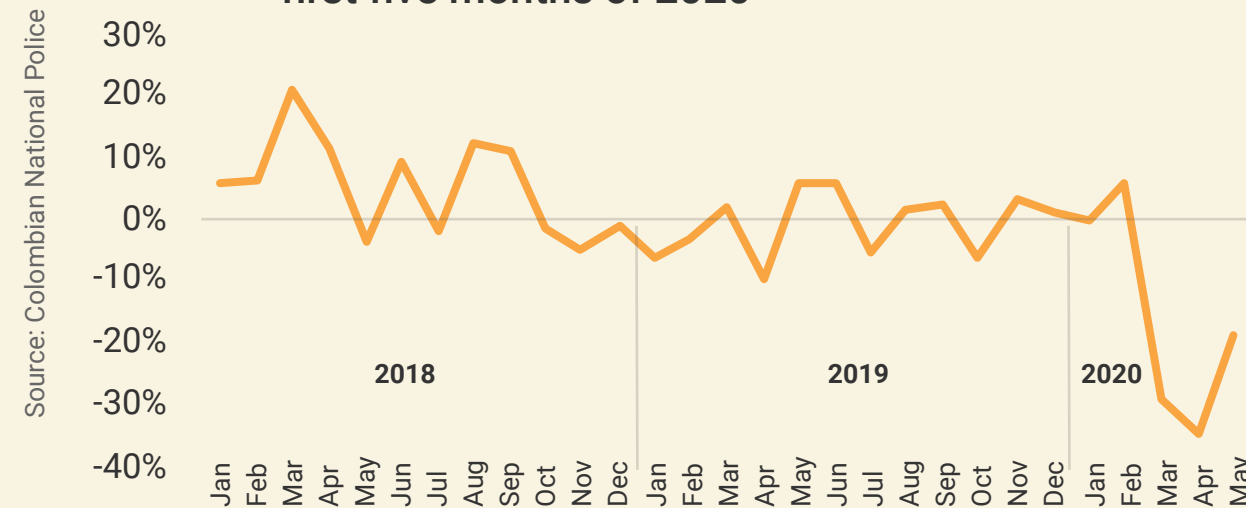


2

Homicides continue to drop—but at a slower rate

Interannual variation of nationwide homicides

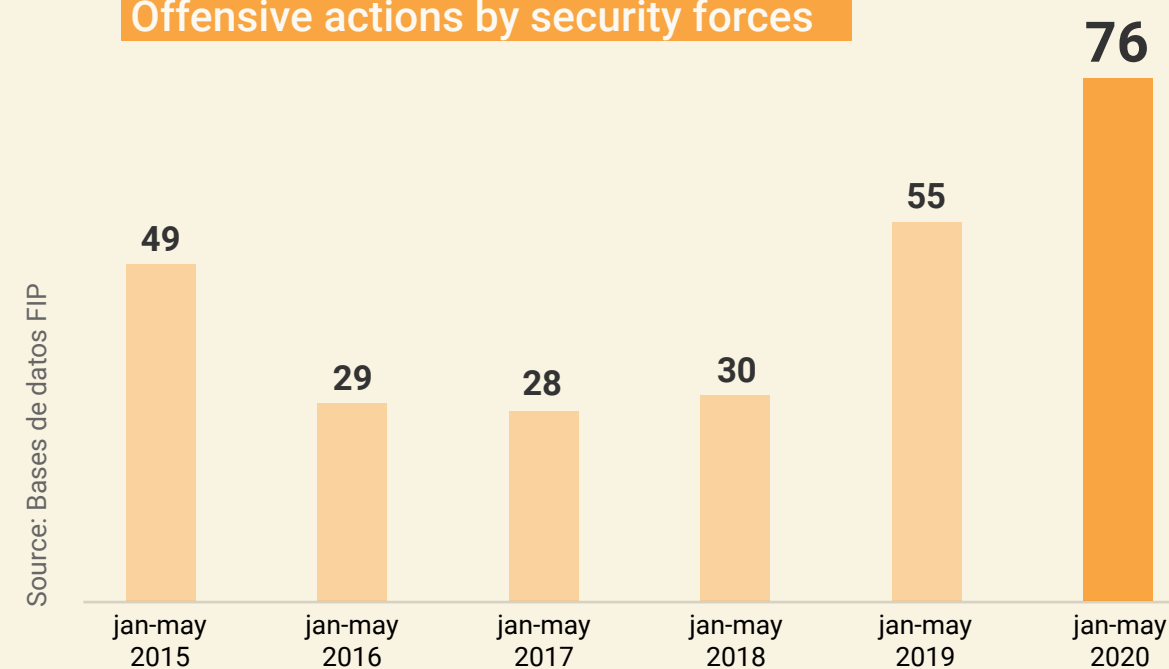
National homicide rates decreased **19%** in the first five months of 2020



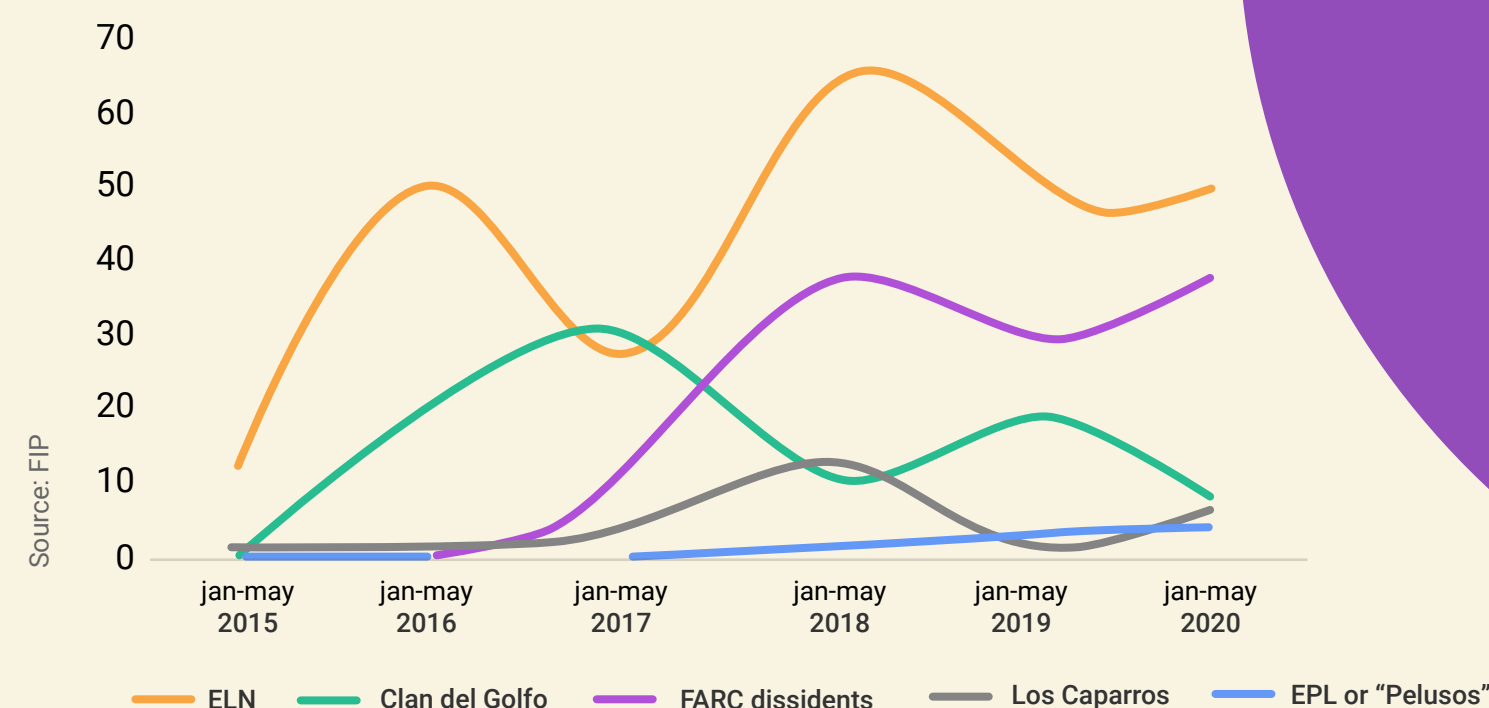
1

Armed confrontations remain active, with an increase in actions perpetuated by dissidences

Offensive actions by security forces



Armed actions by identified illegal groups and criminals gangs

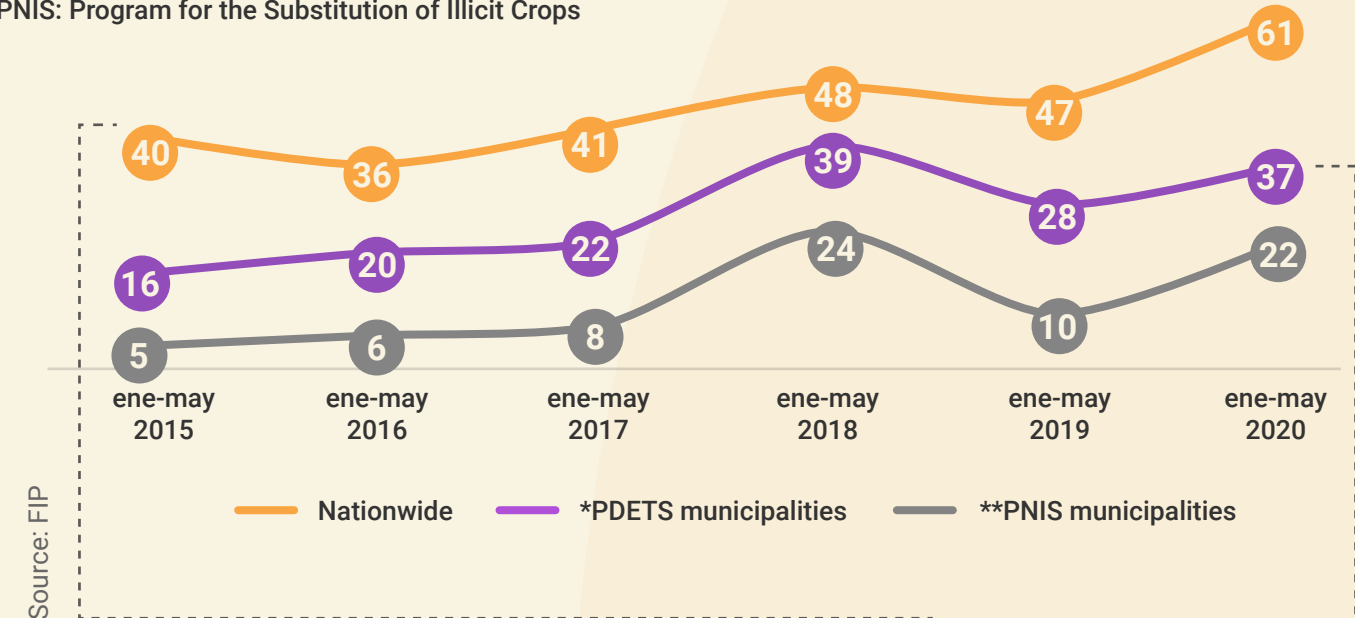


3

Homicides of social leaders have an upward trend

Homicides of social leaders nationwide, and in PDETS and PNIS municipalities

*PDET: Development Programs with a Territorial-Based Approach
**PNIS: Program for the Substitution of Illicit Crops



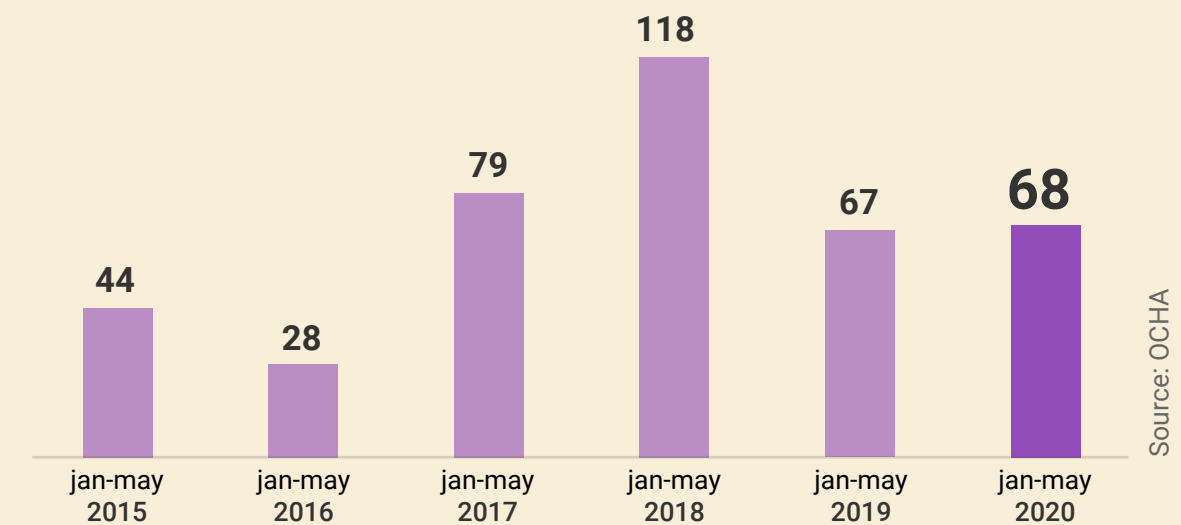
Homicide of social leaders increase by **30%** nationally while **60%** of cases took place in PDET municipalities.

4

Forced displacement remains at the same level

Forced displacement events

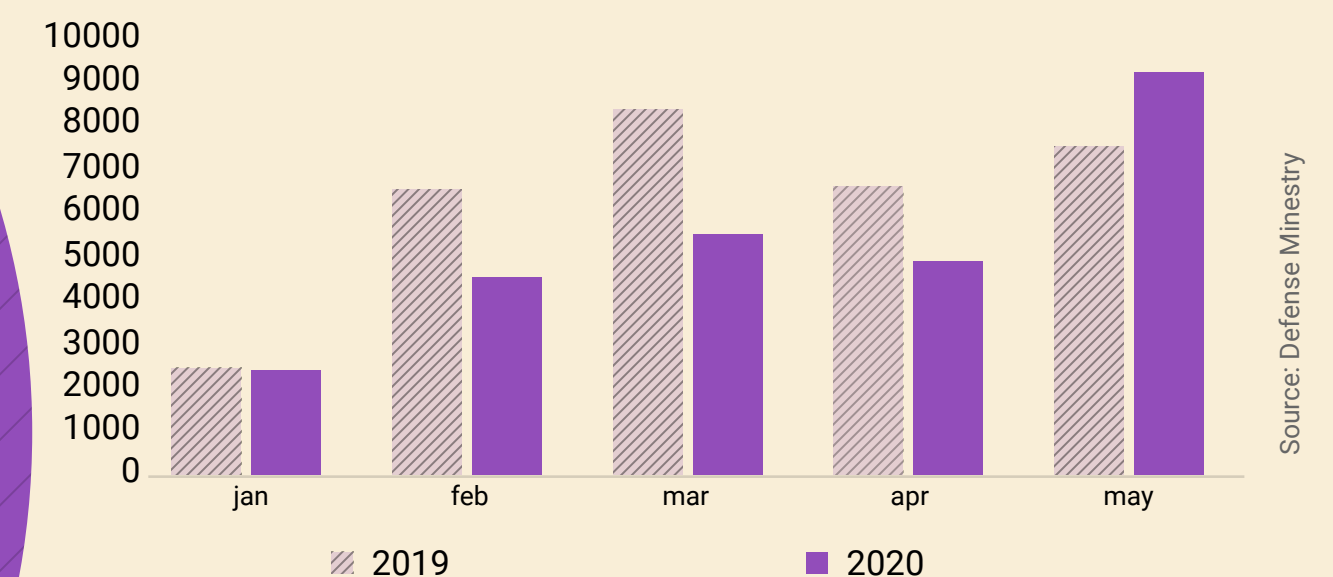
The highest number of cases in **Puerto Guzmán (Putumayo)**, **Roberto Payán and Olaya Herrera (Nariño)** and **Ituango (Antioquia)**.



5

Forced eradication had a significant increase in May 2020

Hectares of forcibly eradicated coca crops



Although compared to the January-May period in 2019, it decreased by

15%

Armed Confrontation Dynamics and their Humanitarian Impact during the Pandemic

May 2020 update



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